

MARYLAND GAZETTE,

Containing the freshest Advices foreign and domestic.

THURSDAY, February 24, 1757.

His MAJESTY's most Gracious SPEECH to both Houses of Parliament, on Thursday, the second Day of December, 1756.

My Lord, and Gentlemen,

I HAVE called you together in a Conjunction which highly requires the Deliberation, Advice, and Assistance of Parliament; and I trust, that (under the Guidance of Divine Providence) Union and Firmness in My affectionate People will carry Me, with Honour, through all Difficulties; and finally vindicate the Dignity of My Crown, and its indubitable Rights, against the ancient Enemy of these Kingdoms.

The Succour and Preservation of America cannot but constitute a main Object of My Attention and Solicitude; and the growing Dangers, to which our Colonies may stand exposed from our late Losses in those Parts, demand Resolutions of Vigour and Dispatch.

An adequate and firm Defence at Home must have the chief Place in My Thoughts; and in this great View, I have nothing so much at Heart, as that no Ground of Dissatisfaction may remain in My People.

To this End, a National Militia, planned and regulated with equal Regard to the just Rights of My Crown and People, may, in Time, become one good Resource, in case of general Danger; and I recommend the framing of such a Militia to the Care and Diligence of My Parliament.

The unnatural Union of Councils Abroad, the Calamities, which, in Consequence of this unhappy Conjunction, may, by Irruptions of foreign Armies into the Empire, shake its Constitution, overturn its System, and threaten Oppression to the Protestant Interest there, are Events which must sensibly affect the Minds of this Nation, and have fixed the Eyes of Europe on this new and dangerous Crisis.

The Body of My Electoral Troops, which I ordered hither at the Desire of My Parliament, I have directed to return to My Dominions in Germany; relying, with Pleasure, on the Spirit and Zeal of My People, in Defence of My Person and Realm.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I will order the proper Estimates to be laid, in due Time, before you; and I rely on your Wisdom, that you will prefer more vigorous Efforts (though attended with large Expence) to a less effectual, and therefore less frugal, Plan of War.

I have placed before you the Dangers and Necessities of the Public; it will be your Care to lay, in such a Manner, the Burdens you may judge unavoidable, as will least distress and exhaust My People.

My Lord, and Gentlemen,

I cannot here be unmindful of the Sufferings of the poorer Sort, from the present high Price of Corn, and the Disturbances, which have arisen therefrom; and I recommend to you to consider of proper Provisions for preventing the like Mischiefs hereafter.

Unprosperous Events of War in the Mediterranean have drawn from My Subjects signal Proofs, how dearly they tender My Honour, and that of My Crown; and they cannot, on My Part, fail to meet with just Returns of unwearied Care, and unceasing Endeavours for the Glory, Prosperity, and Happiness of My People.

The humble ADDRESS of the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled.

Die Jovis, 2^o Decembris, 1756.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return

Your Majesty our humble Thanks for Your most Gracious Speech from the Throne.

The Importance of the present Crisis, and the dangerous Consequences which may result from the unnatural Union of Councils in Europe, are so sensibly felt by this House, that we should think ourselves wanting in Duty to Your Majesty, and our Country, if we did not beg Leave to offer, at Your Royal Feet, our strongest Assurances that we will, to the utmost of our Power, promote and effectuate such Measures, as shall be found expedient for vindicating the Honour of Your Crown, and asserting the just Rights of Your Majesty, and Your Subjects.

Permit us to return Your Majesty our most humble and grateful Thanks, for Your Majesty's gracious Condescension to the Request of Your Parliament, in causing a Body of Your Electoral Troops to come into this Country, at a Conjunction so critical to its Preservation and Defence.

With the deepest Sense of our Obligations to Your Majesty, we beg Leave to approach Your Throne, there to offer the Tribute of our warmest Gratitude for that paternal Care and Solicitude which Your Majesty has expressed for the Succour and Preservation of America; nor are we less sensibly affected with Your Majesty's gracious Attention to the Safety and Honour of this Kingdom, by recommending to our Care the forming such a Plan of Defence at Home, as may enable Your Majesty to exert the Power of Great-Britain with Vigour and Success Abroad.

The many Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's mild and gracious Government, call for the warmest and sincerest Acknowledgments of our Hearts; and demand, on our Part, the most firm and loyal Assurances to Your Majesty, that, not discouraged by any unprosperous Events of War, we will, with the greater Ardour and Alacrity, employ our most zealous Efforts to extricate Your Majesty from all Difficulties, with Honour and Dignity to Your Majesty's Crown, and Prosperity to Your People.

We beg Leave to return your Majesty the Thanks of this House, for the tender and compassionate Regard Your Majesty has shewn to the Sufferings of the poorer Sort, from the high Price of Corn; and to assure Your Majesty, that we will take that Matter into our immediate Consideration, in order to provide such speedy and adequate Relief, as the Nature and Importance of the Case require.

His MAJESTY's Most Gracious ANSWER.

My LORDS,

I RETURN you My hearty Thanks for this very dutiful and affectionate Address. The warm Expressions, with which you repeat the Assurances of your Determination to exert yourselves in the Defence of the Rights and Possessions of My Crown, give Me the greatest Satisfaction; and you may be assured, the only Use I shall make of the Confidence you repose in Me, will be to pursue such Measures, as the present critical Conjunction renders necessary for the Welfare and Prosperity of My Kingdoms.

The humble ADDRESS of the House of Commons to the KING.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

WE, Your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return Your Majesty our humble Thanks for Your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

Your faithful Commons, excited by Duty, and warm with Gratitude, do, from our Hearts, acknowledge the paternal Care, and Royal Condescension of Your Majesty, in pointing out, from the Throne, such a Plan of Force for our Defence, as may best tend to the Satisfaction of Your Peo-

ple; and in particular a well-modelled National Militia, as one proper Security for Your Majesty's Person and Realm.

In this present arduous Conjunction, Your faithful Commons, next after divine Providence, rely on Your Majesty's Wisdom and Magnanimity; remembering British Efforts in Times past, under Princes, whose first Glory was to found, like Your Majesty, the Strength of their Government in the Contentment and Harmony of their Subjects.

Thus united, and thus animated, this House will cheerfully support Your Majesty through all Difficulties, and vindicate, to the utmost, the Dignity of Your Crown, and its undubitable Rights, against the ancient Enemy of these Kingdoms.

We trust Your Majesty, strong at Home, will find Yourself revered Abroad, and in a Condition to support that Weight and Consideration, in Europe which belong to a King of Great-Britain, notwithstanding the unnatural and unhappy Union of Councils, which have formed, on the Continent, so new and dangerous a Crisis.

This House thinks, with Pain, on the sad Events of War in the Mediterranean, and in America: They will take these affecting Matters into their most serious Consideration, not imputing Blame to any unheard; and will, with all Confidence, Alacrity and Dispatch, second Your Majesty's Royal Care for the speedy Succour and Preservation of America, under the growing Dangers to which those invaluable Possessions stand exposed.

We beg Leave to assure Your Majesty, that your faithful Commons will consider of proper Provisions for the Relief of the poorer Sort from the present high Price of Corn, and for preventing the like Mischiefs hereafter, according to the Royal and Compassionate Recommendation of Your Majesty.

P A R I S, November 22.

SATURDAY an Express arrived at Versailles from Holland, with Advice that the Dutch have signed a Treaty of Neutrality.

Paris, November 26. The Ships at Brest and L'Orient are to join those at Rochefort; they will then form 60 Sail, which are to divide into three Squadrons, and 4 or 5000 regular Troops are to embark on board one of them.

Eight Hundred Thousand Weight of Powder is deposited in the Church of St. Michael at Havre-de-Grace.

Paris, December 3. It is said that the six Ships which failed a few Days ago from Brest, have some Troops on board, with a large Quantity of Ammunition; and that they are to be employed in an Expedition against Acadia.

L O N D O N.

November 2. Upon the late Change in the Administration, Admiral Knowles's Sailing has been somewhat retarded; but we have the Pleasure to inform the Public, that the Face of Affairs is so much turned in our Favour, that very shortly an important Blow may be expected to be struck, to the Astonishment of one particular Power.

We hear the following Lords and Gentlemen are appointed to succeed those who have resigned or died.

Treasury. Duke of Devonshire, first Lord, in the Room of the Duke of New-Castle, resigned; Robert Nugent, Esq; Lord Duncannon, in the Room of Henry Furness, Esq; deceased; and James Grenville, Esq; in the Room of the Honourable Piercy Windham Obrien, resigned.

Chancellor of the Exchequer and Privy Counsellor. Henry Legge, Esq; in the Room of Sir George Lyttleton, created a Peer.

Secretaries of State. Earl of Holderness, and William Pitt, Esq; in the Room of Henry Fox, Esq;

Admiralty.

Admiralty. Earl Temple, first Lord, in the Room of Lord Anson; Admiral Boscawen, Admiral West, in the Room of Sir William Rowley; Dr. Hay, in the Room of Lord Hyde; John Pitt, Esq; in the Room of Lord Duncannon; Thomas Orby Hunter, Esq; in the Room of Lord Bateman; and Gilbert Elliot, Esq; in the Room of the Honourable Richard Edgewcombe.

Treasurer of the Navy. George Grenville, Esq; Joint Paymasters. Lord Duplin; — Potter, Esq; in the Room of the Earl of Darlington.

Treasurer of the Household. Lord Bateman, in the Room of Lord Berkley of Stratton.

Comptroller. Honourable Richard Edgewcombe, in the Room of Lord Buckinghamshire, now a Lord of the Bed-Chamber.

An Express arrived Yesterday from the Prussian Court.

Negotiations for Peace, either general, or so as to unite the Powers of Prussia and Austria, are certainly upon the Tapis. Count Collerado, the Imperial Minister, has frequent private Audiences: And it is supposed, that France is not less alarmed at our Change in the Ministry, than the French Fleet evidently appeared to be at the late Change of our Naval Commander in the Mediterranean.

We are assured the Right Honourable the Earl of Hardwicke resigns as Chancellor To-day, and the Seals To-morrow.

The Merchants in Holland have received Advice from Marseilles, that the War has already brought the greatest Calamity possible on that and other populous Cities in France, their Manufactures decaying, their Commerce being entirely at a Stand, and Credit, by repeated Bankruptcies, so much sunk, that the little Business still left is with much Difficulty carried on.

Transports are taken up to carry the Hanoverian Troops home; and next Tuesday four Regiments, with General Somerset, and the Train of Artillery, will embark at Chatham.

Nov. 20. Private Letters from several Parts of Germany intimate, that his Prussian Majesty's Manifestoes have made strong and general Impressions on the free Cities; who are sensible, not only of the Arts that have been used to extend the Power of the Romish Church, but also to divide the Protestants, and to revive the Animosities between the Lutherans and the Reformed, which, through the Care of the Magistrates, and the Moderation of the Clergy, were in a Manner on the Point of being extinguished.

By a Letter from Nottingham we are informed, that all Kinds of Grain are so much bought up and engrossed in that County, that even Oats are purchased with Difficulty, and at a high Price, for the Use of the Cattle.

On Wednesday arrived at Spithead the Colchester and Deptford, and 22 Transports, from the Mediterranean, who have brought the good old General Blakeney, Lord Effingham and Family; the latter came on Shore the same Evening; the General not till last Night at Five o'Clock, who was received with great Joy, the Town illuminated, and Bells ringing.

There are four Regiments from Mahon, three to go to Norwich, and one to Plymouth.

All the Officers expected on Admiral Byng's Account are come.

Nov. 23. We are informed that several Applications have been made to his Majesty in Council by the Magistrates of Bristol, Liverpool, Newcastle upon Tyne, and several other Sea-ports in this Kingdom, relating to the excessive Price of Corn, and all other Kinds of Grain, and representing the ill Consequences that will necessarily result therefrom to his Majesty's Subjects in general, especially to those of the poorer Sort, unless some immediate Stop is put thereto; and that his Majesty has been graciously pleased to receive the said several Applications, and to order his Privy Council to meet in the Council Chamber, at the Cock-pit, Whitehall, To-morrow at 12 o'Clock, to consider this Affair. And we hear the Lord Mayor of London, as likewise the Commissioners of the Customs, are to attend the Privy Council at that Time.

The new Lords of the Admiralty met for the first Time on Friday Morning by eight o'Clock, and did not break up till near five in the Afternoon.

It is now confidently asserted that Admiral Byng will be tried by a Court-Martial at Deptford, and not at Chatham, as its Appointment at the former Place will be attended with much less Expence to the Government, and be much more commodious for the Parties obliged to attend it; but that it will be postponed till a parliamentary Enquiry has

been made into the late Measures; by which Means Mr. Byng will be enabled to give his Evidence, which, in Case of Conviction, must of Course be cut off.

We hear that the new Ministry being resolved to make America their chief Object of military Attention, have ordered 12 complete Regiments for that Service, which is the Occasion of the present Press.

We hear that Grants, to the Value of 6000 l. per Annum, had been made to his Grace the Duke of Newcastle, just before his late Resignation.

Nov. 25. Tuesday General Blakeney waited on his Majesty at St. James's, and was most graciously received. He likewise waited on his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland.

Yesterday the Transports, to the Number of twelve, being ready, four Battalions of the Hanoverians embarked at Chatham, in order to their going home, and as soon as these Transports return, they will take the same Number, so that in three Voyages they will be carried from hence. Four Battalions are still encamped on Cox's Heath, notwithstanding the Severity of the Weather.

Yesterday Earl Temple, Lord Mansfield, Lord Bateman, and R. Edgewcombe, Esq; were sworn Privy Counsellors at St. James's.

The same Day the Hon. Henry Legge, Esq; Chancellor of the Exchequer, and the Lords of the Treasury lately appointed, took their Seats at that Board; as did Earl Temple, first Lord of the Admiralty, and the other Lords at their Board.

We hear the Duke of Bedford will be appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Lord Littleton is appointed Chief Justice in Eyre, in the Room of Lord Sandys, who will be chosen Speaker of the House of Commons.

Orders are sent from the Admiralty for all Ships under failing Orders to proceed directly to Sea.

An intire Prohibition will soon be laid on the Exportation of Corn.

A Resolution is come to, for having a Fleet next Spring, consisting of not less than 40 Ships of the Line, besides Fireships, Frigates, &c. when some grand Expedition will be undertaken.

There are upwards of 30 Press Gangs come up the River, and a very warm Press for Seamen is daily expected.

The Reason assigned for the French having sent Home the Garrison of Oswego so soon is, that M. de Montcalm, Dieskau's Successor, had determined to draw out all the regular Forces at Montreal and Canada, amounting to about 8000 Men, together with all the Militia, and in short all who were capable of bearing Arms, old or young, in order to crush Lord Loudoun before his People should have recovered from their Consternation occasioned by the fatal Loss of Oswego: So that had the English Prisoners remained in America, they must have been guarded by Women.

It is reported the French have ten Men of War in the East-Indies.

Last Sunday on the Return of General Blakeney from Court, where he had been congratulated by all true Britons on his being created a Peer, his Chariot was followed through Pall-mall, &c. to his Lodgings, not only by common but genteel People, with Acclamations of Applause.

It is said there will not be any Operas this Season, the Nobility and Gentry perceive they shall have other Uses for their Money than to part with it for a Song.

Private Letters by the last Flanders Mail say, that the Number of Troops which the French have transported to Corsica, amounts to 7000, and that they have left two Men of War in one of the Ports of that Island, the Transports being returned to Antibes.

November 25. It is reported, but from what Authority is not known, that Angria, the Pirate, with some few of the Maratta Chiefs, have surrendered themselves to Admiral Watton, upon certain Conditions; one of which is, that they shall be sent to England, with their Families, and be safe in their Persons and Properties.

December 3. 'Tis said that eight Ships of the Line will shortly sail for the American Seas, and that large Draughts will be made from the Regiments in England and Ireland, with a considerable Body of Highlanders, to be sent to America. 'Tis said Admiral Forbes will be made a Lord of the Admiralty. — The Marlborough Man of War is put into Commission, in which Admiral Holbourne will hoist his Flag.

December 6. We hear that a Proclamation will soon be issued for a general Fast, for the Success of the War, and the Security of the Protestant Religion.

December 11. There is Advice from Brest, that on the 23d of November in the Afternoon, the St. Michael, of 60 Guns, Capt. Caumont, and the Amethyst, of 30 Guns, commanded by Lieutenant Herly, sailed from that Port with a strong Gale of Wind, but very favourable to get clear of the English Men of War, if any lay in their Way; and the next Morning sailed, with the same Wind, the Intrepid, of 74 Guns, commanded by M. de Kerfaint, the Opiniate, Capt. Moellein, of 64; the Licorne, Capt. Dugue-Lambert, of 30, and the Caplypio, of 16 Guns, commanded by M. de Cours, Ensign in the Navy. They do not tell us the Destination of those Ships.

We are assured that our good Friends the Dutch lately sent Commissions to a Merchant at Newcastle, and another at Stockton upon Tees, to buy all the Grain they possibly could, for Exportation; but that those Proposals were rejected with Scorn. A most noble Example of Disinterestedness and Public Spirit! Was this Precedent to be followed, we should not so often hear of the French (whom the King, in his Speech to the Parliament, terms our ancient Enemy) being supplied with Provisions in Dutch Bottoms.

Extract of a Letter from Falmouth, dated Nov. 29. "The Good Intent, a Letter of Marque of this Port, who sailed on Wednesday last, arrived this Morning with a French Snow laden with Timber, &c. for Ship-building, for Martinico; also a Dutchman (our very good Friend) laden with Masts, &c. for Brest; the has, as I am informed, 23 Masts for 90 Gun Ships, and several fit for 80; which will be a great Loss to the French at this Juncture."

We are advised that ten Regiments will be sent to North-America, viz. six from England, and four from Ireland.

We are informed that Capt. Cunningham the Engineer, and a Volunteer in Fort St. Philip, during the Siege, will, in Consideration of his great Services, be appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Gibraltar, in the Room of Colonel Dunbar.

Last Wednesday, at One o'Clock, the spurious Speech, cried about for the King's Speech, was burnt by the common Hangman before Westminster-Hall-Gate; and Yesterday at the Royal Exchange.

More Removals in the Administration are now talked of; it is thought some considerable Appointments will be given to the Earls of Westmoreland and Middlesex, Lord Talbot, and Sir Francis Dashwood. — It is said, that his Grace the Duke of Newcastle intends to set out for Bath.

From Toulon they tell us, that their Ships which were ordered to be laid up, are repairing one after another with all convenient Speed, and as their Crews are employed for this Purpose, they will very soon be fit for Service again. They at the same Time talk of their building with all imaginable Expedition, and that they receive Timber from all Parts, having upon the Stocks, two Ships of 74 Guns each, two of 64, and two Frigates; and that they shall soon put on a Ship of 116 Guns, and another of 100.

December 15.

Extract of a Letter from Chatham, December 10.

"About Three Thousand of the Hanoverian Troops are on board the Transports in the River, waiting at Blackfakes for a favourable Wind. When these Vessels return, they will take on board about the same Number. Those that are not embarked, are quartered about Rochester, Chatham, and Maidstone, in such Houses as were empty, and in Barns and other Out-Houses, in that Part of Kent."

December 23. A Privateer of 10 Guns, and 56 Men, belonging to Havre, is brought into the Downs by his Majesty's Ship Centaur.

St. James's, December 4. It is this Day ordered, by his Majesty in Council, That an Embargo be forthwith laid upon all Ships laden, or to be laden, in the Ports of Great-Britain and Ireland, with Corn, Malt, Meal, Flour, Bread, Biscuit, and Starch, to be exported to foreign Parts, pursuant to an Address of the House of Commons presented to his Majesty for that Purpose.

Dublin, December 7. We hear that Lord Forbes is to get the Command of the Regiment now raising in this Kingdom, which is to consist of 1200 Men; that Major Norman is to be Lieutenant Colonel, and Peter Cheffer, Esq; Major.

We hear that ten Regiments consisting of 1000 Men each, will speedily be ordered for America, viz. four Regiments from this Kingdom, and six from England.

Extract of a private Letter from London, Nov. 23.

"Yesterday General Blakeney waited on his Majesty

Majesty at St. James's, and met with a most gracious and kind Reception. The King talked a considerable Time to that brave old Veteran, who in his Journey, as well as upon his Arrival here, met with all due Honours. Admiral Byng will soon be tried, for whom People begin now to have Doubts and Fears, and with that Justice may be done to the Nation. Articles of Impeachment are now preparing against certain Persons, who lately had considerable Employments. The Duke of Newcastle, who hath refused any Place or Pension, attends the King's Levee constantly; but some certain discarded Persons have not been at Court since the Loss of Employment. It is said that the Parliament will soon be dissolved after their Meeting, and that a new One will be immediately elected; that Enquiry will be made in both Houses into the Conduct of the Ministry; the Loss of Minorca, and of Oswego; of the Condition of the Fleet and the Army for some Years past; the Expences thereof; and how the Money granted for their Support hath been applied; and that for the future there are to be triennial Parliaments.

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar, November 3.
"Admiral Hawke, with Part of his Fleet, remains here; the rest are sent out on a Cruise, and have taken two Prizes, one a fine Ship belonging to Marfelles, mounting twenty Guns, the other a French Polac, mounting twelve; both which are sent in here."

BOSTON, January 24.
Last Wednesday the Right Honourable the Earl of Loudoun arrived here from New-York, being escorted into Town by the Governor's Troop of Guards; the Weather having been extremely severe for some Days his coming was so sudden and unexpected, that the Regiment of Boston, and the Company of Cadets, had not Time to make their Appearance. As soon as it was known that his Lordship had arrived at the Seat this Government had provided for his Reception, the Cannon of his Majesty's Castle William, the Batteries of this Town and at Charles-Town were discharged, and the Bells in Town were rung upon this joyful Occasion. His Lordship has been waited upon by his Honour our Governor, a Committee of the Town, with their sincere Congratulations; the Ministers of the Town in a Body have also expressed their Regard to his Lordship, in a Manner suited to their Character; and this Day his Lordship has an Invitation to dine at Concert-Hall with his Honour our Governor, and a large Committee of both Houses.

NEW-YORK, February 7.
Copy of a Letter from Fort William Henry, Jan. 23.
"Last Night we received the melancholy Account of Rogers being Way-laid by the Enemy, with the Loss of 19 of his People: They left this Fort with 75 Rangers the 17th Instant: Capt. Speckman, Lieut. Kennedy, and Mr. Baker, a Volunteer of the 44th Regiment, went with him. He marched 25 Miles down the Lake; then struck off to the Westward, and on Friday Morning by ten o'Clock, struck down to the Lake, between Crown-Point and Ticonderoga. Immediately on their Arrival at the Lake, they saw a Sleigh going from Ticonderoga to Crown-Point. Rogers ordered his Lieut. with a small Party, to head the Sleigh, which he did; himself, and the Rest of his Party, went on the Ice, and discovered several Sleighs behind a Point, who were likewise going the same Way. As soon as the Enemy discovered the Party, some turned their Sleighs, and galloped back, others cut their Horses loose, and rode back, notwithstanding they caught two Sleighs, with 4 Peasants and 3 Regulars. They took 3 of the Enemy's Horses with them, and returned near 5 Miles on their Tracks, where they halted to refresh themselves, and clean their Guns, it having rained all the Morning. About two o'Clock, they began their March, being 3 Miles West of Ticonderoga. In crossing a small Valley, the Enemy fired upon them, and killed 8 or 9; at the first fire Rogers's Hat was shot off his Head, and his Skull grazed. He immediately ordered his Men to re-ascend the Hill they had left, which they did, and the Engagement began very warm on both Sides. The Enemy were greatly superior to the Party, and often stood in Bodies and fired, which made our Men be almost certain of every Shot they made. The Indians often attempted to flank Rogers, which he perceived, and, for that Purpose, always detached some of his best Men, who killed two or three of them, and obliged the Rest to retire. They continued firing till dark, both Parties yelling and making all the Noise they could. Rogers then ordered his Men to keep up their Fire till they could be sure of

their Mark, and hold their Tongues. The Enemy imagined they were most of them killed, or had left the Field, and according to their Custom, were crossing the Valley, to scalp them, but our People, when near enough to them, gave them a heavy Fire, which obliged them to retire with Loss; this they did a second Time. Rogers being shot through the Hand, and disabled, and fearing the Enemy might be reinforced from the Fort, left the Field to the Enemy, with 19 of his People killed, among whom were Capt. Speckman, Lieutenant Kennedy, Ensign Page of the Rangers, Mr. Baker, the Volunteer, and 15 others. Rogers says Mr. Baker behaved surprizingly well, and having fired 15 Rounds, was shot through the Body. Two of the wounded got in here last Night; Rogers and six more, this Evening; and the Rest of the Party are now, 'tis said, coming in. It is generally believed Rogers behaved extremely well, and wiped off the Epithet of Coward which many People have undeservedly given him. He is determined as soon as possible to inform himself of the Particulars relative to the Enemy, by another Trial for a Prisoner. Speckman and Rogers before the Engagement had examined the Prisoners, who said there were six hundred Men, and fifty Indians, at Crown-Point, five hundred Men, and forty-five Indians, at Ticonderoga; with two hundred Canadians, who, with the Indians at the two Forts, were come from Canada with an Intent to cut off our Convoy between our Forts; that they were all provided with Snow-Shoes, and every Necessary of that Kind, and were very soon to have set off on their Scout. We imagine the Canadians and Indians were the People who attacked Rogers; that they were sent out on the Alarm being given by those who escaped. The Prisoners had heard nothing of any Plan being formed against either of these Forts; but that the French intended to attack Beaufort, or some other of the Forts to the Northward, this Winter.

PHILADELPHIA, February 10.

Yesterday Capt. Rees arrived here in a very short Passage from Madeira, by whom we have the following Extract of a Letter, dated January 13, 1757.

"A Ship is just arrived from London, which left Falmouth the First Instant, and brings Advice, that 12 Regiments would be ready to embark for America by the 10th of this Month, and were to be conveyed by 10 Ships of the Line: That Admiral Knowles had been but 12 Days in the Bay of Biscay, when he was recalled, and the Admirals Moffyn and Holbourne sent to command in his Stead: That Admiral Hawke was off of Plymouth: That Admiral Coates was to command a Fleet for Jamaica: That a great Number of the Martinico Fleet are conducted safe into England: And that Admiral Norris commands a Fleet for the East-Indies. The Captain of the Vessel that brought these Advices, chased four large Ships for 24 Hours, and came within Gun-shot of them, when he could perceive they were full of Soldiers. They were steering West by North, and were Vessels from 22 to 36 Guns. He exchanged some Shot with one of them of 22 Guns, but was glad to get off. He says French Merchantmen are carried daily into the English Ports, and many of their Privateers are also taken."

ANNAPOLIS, February 24.

Friday last, came up the Bay, his Excellency ARTHUR DOUGLAS, Esq; Governor of North-Carolina, and Landed at Mr. Hutchings's on Kent-Island; from thence he set out on Saturday Morning for Philadelphia.

Sunday Morning last, died in Prince-George's County, after a few Hours Illness, aged 44 Years, Mr. JOHN HAWKINS, junior, one of the worthy Representatives of that County; a Gentleman of great Sobriety, Honesty and Integrity, and his Death is much lamented by all who knew him.

EVER since the First of January past, a Rider has regularly gone from hence, to Charles County, once a Fortnight, which he will continue till the First Saturday in April, and from that Time, to the First Saturday in December, he will go once a Week. His Route is from this Place, thro' Queen-Anne, Upper-Marlborough, Piscataway, Port-Tobacco, and to New-Port; from thence he will return the same Way. This beneficial Undertaking was first set on Foot by the Subscription of some Gentlemen here, and in Charles County, and will doubtless meet with a further Encouragement, so as constantly to support it, from the Gentlemen in Prince-George's. By this Rider, my Customers that Way will constantly and duly have the MARYLAND GAZETTE left at the Places they have ordered them to be left at: And by a small Assistance from a few Gentlemen

in St. Mary's, (only by sending a Boy every other Monday Morning till April, and every Monday after) they will receive theirs from New-Port. The Rider will have Orders to carry to, or bring from, the Subscribers only, any Letters or Packets; which will often save the Expence of Expresses. If the Gentlemen at and near Bladenburg, will but send a Boy to Marlborough, they will likewise receive the like Advantage of that Communication, which must be allowed, at this Juncture especially, to be very great; and the Expence but a mere Trifle.

THE Second Edition, of a VOYAGE into the SOUTH SEAS (advertised in the Philadelphia Papers last Summer) is now Printed, and the Books are Binding: And as there are some few Copies more Printed, than are subscribed for, those who are inclinable, may yet subscribe, either with the Author, JOHN BULKLEY, Gunner of the Wager Man of War when she was lost, or at the PRINTING-OFFICE in Annapolis. The Price a Dollar, one Half at subscribing, the other at the Delivery of the Book. In this second Edition, there is about 130 Pages more than were in the First, never before Published.

N. B. None will be to dispose of but what are subscribed for.

Annapolis, February 24, 1757.

NOTICE is hereby given, That the Subscriber will give constant Attendance at his Office, in Annapolis, every Wednesday and Thursday, before the 10th of April next, to receive all Money due from the Inhabitants of Anne-Arundel County for Public Levies, &c. And as sundry Persons are indebted for Quit-Rents and the Land-Tax for the Year 1756, this is to desire them to come and pay without Loss of Time, which will prevent Expence and Trouble to themselves. And all Persons concerned are to take Notice, that the 25th Day of March is the Time appointed by Law to pay the Half Year's Land-Tax, as well as his Lordship's Quit-Rents; and the 29th of September for the other Half Year of each. Also all the Retailers and private Consumers are desired to take Notice, that they are required by Law to make Payment by the 30th Day of March next. Compliance with the above, will greatly oblige

JOHN RAITT, Sheriff, Collector and Receiver of Anne-Arundel County.

ALL Persons who have any Claims against the Estate of Mr. Humphry Batt, late of Prince-George's County, deceased, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted and paid: And all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment, to

JAMES TRUMAN GREENFIELD, Executor.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC VENDUE,
On Wednesday the second Day of March next, if fair, if not, on the First fair Day after, at the Plantation where he lately lived,

THE Subscriber's Negroes, Cattle, Horses, Sheep, Hogs, Corn, and some Household Goods.
WILLIAM GRIFFITH,
Son of Charles.

Somerset County, February 17, 1757.

COMMITTED to my Custody, and now in the Goal of this County, a Man who says his Name is Thomas Buda, and confesses that he is a Deserter from the Regiment late Dunbar's.

WILLIAM ALLEN, Sheriff.

THE Subscriber being now in Custody of the Sheriff of St. Mary's County, under several Executions, at the Suit of sundry Gentlemen his Creditors, and not having wherewith to pay or satisfy them, altho' he should, as he is willing to do, surrender up all his Effects, hereby gives Notice to his Creditors and Others, That he intends to apply to the next General Assembly, to be held for this Province, that an Act may pass for the Release of his Body out of Prison.

ABRAHAM NIVISON.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Brasbears, in Frederick County, on Bennett's Creek, taken up as a Stray, a Sorrel Horse, with a long Star in his Forehead; but is neither dock'd or branded.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of William Davis, near the Head of South River, two Pied Steers, marked in the right Ear a Hole and a Crop, and in the Left an upper Square; and likewise a Brown Cow, with the same Marks.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

Alexandria, February 11, 1757

For SALE,

2 FOUR CARRIAGE GUNS, Six Pounders. Any Person that inclines to purchase, may know the Terms by applying to
WILLIAM RAMSAY.

February 12, 1757.

X 2 WHEREAS Anne, the Wife of the Subscriber, of Cecil County, hath eloped from him: This is, therefore, to forewarn all Persons from trusting her, as he will pay no Debts of her contracting from the Date hereof.

JOSEPH BASS.

X 2 THE following BOOKS being Lent to my Friends, some a longer and some a shorter Time, those who think it Time are requested to return them, the Proprietor being deprived of the Satisfaction of looking into them on Occasion, as well as of the Pleasure of obliging Others with their Perusal. Also he will be obliged to any Persons, who, finding any Book in their Possession, not here listed, with his Name prefix'd, shall send it home, and he will not murmur at the Expence of this Advertisement: Even though any of them should be much abused, according to Custom, they will yet be acceptable. To shew the Reasonableness of this Remark; I had not long ago return'd me the ART OF COOKERY, in such a Pickle, that one would imagine it had been several Times in the Pot to make Soup, as they use the Gusting-Bone in Gallies.

	12mo.	Vols.	7.	8.	9.
Swift's Works,	12mo.	1.	2.	3.	
Clarissa,	12mo.	1.	2.	3.	
Independent Whig,	8vo.	1.	2.		
Bolingbroke,	4to.	2.	3.		
Louis de Bourbon, French,	12mo.	2.	or 3.		
Cadwallader Colden's 5 Nations,	8vo.	1.			

Queen's-Town, February 8, 1757.

3 ALL Persons who have any just Claims against the Estate of Capt. David Alexander, late of Talbot County, deceased, are desired to bring in their Accounts, that they may be adjusted: And all Persons who are indebted to the said Estate, are desired to make speedy Payment, to

ANTHONY M'CULLOCH, Administrator.

4 THE Subscriber intending for London the ensuing Summer, requests all Persons indebted to him to come and make Payment, or settle their Accounts by Note, or Bond: And those who have any just Demands against him, are desired to come and receive Payment of the same.

JAMES WARDROP.

X THERE is at the Plantation of Silas Veatch, in Frederick County, near the Mouth of Manocahy, taken up as a Stray, a Bright Bay Mare, supposed to be about 4 or 5 Years old, of a middle Size, paces naturally, branded on the near Shoulder with a B, has a Saddle Spot on each Side of her Back a little behind her Withers, and a white Spot between the Saddle Spots.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

X THERE is at the Plantation of Joseph Cretsch, living on the North Side of the South-Mountain, near the Mouth of Shanadore, in Frederick County, taken up as a Stray, a Horse about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Shoulder T.W, on the near Thigh D, and on the off Shoulder T, has three white Feet, and is about 7 Years old.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

X THERE are at the Plantation of Edward Gaither, near the Head of South River, taken up as Strays, the following Creatures, viz. A small Grey Mare, branded on the near Shoulder CH (joined in one), with a young dark colour'd Colt. And,

A young Black Mare, branded on the near Buttock thus . . . with a Star in her Forehead, and is a natural Pacer.

The Owners may have them again, on proving their Property, and paying Charges.

Charles Dutens, Jeweller,

From LONDON.



Has Removed from Market-street, to the RING and DOVE, in Second-street, Opposite to the Sign of the George near Arch-street, PHILADELPHIA.

C CONTINUES to make all Sorts of JEWELLER'S WORK; and having procured Workmen of different Branches, such as Snuff-Box-Maker, Watch-Cases, all Sorts of Trinkets, Chasing and Lapidary Work; and having likewise purchased various Kinds of Florida Shells, Tortoise, and Panama, fit for Snuff-Boxes, any Gentlemen desiring it, may be supplied with curious and humorous Emblems, with Mottos engraved on the said Shell-Boxes. Those Gentlemen and Ladies, who are pleased to favour him with their Custom, may depend on Care and Dispatch, by
Their humble Servant,

CHARLES DUTENS.

N. B. He gives the best Price for white, purple, and brown Chrysal, or any other precious Stones, as Diamonds, Rubies, Emeralds, &c.

THOMAS WARD, PERUKE-MAKER, At the Sign of the White Peruke, at the West End of BALTIMORE-TOWN,

C CARRIES on his Business of WIG-MAKING, as usual, notwithstanding the false Report spread in November past to his great Prejudice, by some evil-minded Persons, That he had left the Province. This is therefore to acquaint the Public, that he has a great Parcel of choice English HAIRS, and will furnish those Gentlemen, who have bespoke Wigs of him, in different Parts of the Country, as soon as he can possibly get them done; and (having left off the Shaving Business of the Town) will make Wigs of any Sort with all possible Care and Dispatch, for any Gentlemen who may Favour with their Custom,
X 3 Their humble Servant,

THOMAS WARD.

IF Mr. John Frederick Prigg, who came into this Country some Years since, from Copenhagen, and whose Father lives in that Place, be now alive, and will apply to Mr. Michael Earle, of Cecil County, he will hear of something very satisfactory.

TO BE SOLD, 4



A Well-fitted SCHOONER, about Three Years old, which will carry about 2250 Bushels of Grain.

Any Persons inclinable to Purchase, may apply to Stephen Steward at West-River, or Calmore Beams at Nottingham.

THE Subscriber, intending for Great-Britain in the ensuing Spring, begs the Favour of all Persons who have open Accounts with him, to settle the same, either by Note, Bond, or Cash.

X 4

WILLIAM ROBERTS.

N. B. I have a good Assortment of European and India GOODS, which I would sell at a very reasonable Rate. And have also, a large Quantity of BLOCKS, PUMPS, and other Necessaries, for large or small Vessels. SMITH'S WORK of all Kinds; likewise CARTING as usual.

W. R.

5 Alexandria, January 16, 1757.

WANTED,



A SLOOP or SCHOONER, (rather the latter) that will carry about 4000 Bushels of Grain. We would not choose her to be above a Year old. Or, we would willingly purchase a HULL now on the Stocks, and near finished.

Any Person having such to Dispose of may apply to
CARLYLE and DALTON.

A SOBER MAN, that has no Family, and understands the TANNING and CURRYING BUSINESS, may meet with good Encouragement, by being taken into a convenient Tan-Yard, either as a Partner, or on Wages, by applying to Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis.

WANTED,

A SOBER, honest, single MAN, who understands Writing, and something of Accounts, who can set a Table genteelly, and wait on Gentlemen, in a House. Such an One may hear of good Encouragement by enquiring of the Printer hereof.

Alexandria, January 15, 1757.

A PERSON that understands MINING, and will produce Credentials of his Capacity and Integrity, may meet with Employ in a Copper-Mine, by Application to

WILLIAM RAMSAY.

PERSONS of both Sexes, from Ten Years of Age, and upwards, who never Wrote before, are Taught to Write a good legible Hand in Six Weeks, at One Hour per Day; likewise, those who Write but indifferently, may have their Hands greatly Improved, and brought to a neat, genteel, agreeable Form, in the above Space of Time; By Mr. WILLIAM ELPHINSTONE, at Mr. Reynolds's, opposite to the Church, in Annapolis. Where Specimens of Persons Writing, in the above Time, may be seen.

Baltimore-Town, January 10, 1757.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the Brigantine DEFIANCE, from SOUTHAMPTON, now lying in the North-West Branch of Patapsco River,

A LARGE Parcel of Choice Fine SALT, to be sold, Wholesale or Retail, for Sterling, Currency, or Tobacco, by

CHAMIER and CARMAN.

Roderick Cheyne,

At the Sign of the WHITE HORSE, in Baltimore County,

IS removed, from the old House he formerly lived in, to a very good, commodious, new Stone-House, two Stories high, consisting of several Rooms well finished, where he now keeps Tavern, being at a small Distance North from the Nottingham Iron-Works, (usually called Mr. Larue's Works) on the Post Road from Philadelphia to Annapolis, and is a very good Stage to call and bait at; being nearly half Way between the Sign of the Black-Horse, at the Head of Bush-River, and Baltimore-Town; where all Travellers and Others may depend on good Entertainment and Lodging, Provender for Horses, &c. and every other Way civilly used.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A TRACT of LAND, situate about 3 Miles from Annapolis, on the North Side of Severn, containing 673 Acres, having a fine Branch running thro' it for near a Mile, very fit for Meadow Land, and about 200 of it good Wood Land. There is on the Plantation a good Dwelling-House, built on a rising Ground, with four Rooms on a Floor, a Barn, Stable, Smoke House, Hen House, &c. a very good Garden, paved Yard, and a good stoned Well; and a very good Orchard: The Title is indisputable.

The Purchaser may have Time for Payment of Part of the Purchase-Money, on giving Security, if required. For Terms apply to

JOHN CAMPBELL.

N. B. The Purchaser may likewise be supplied with Stock of all Kinds, and Plantation Utensils.

Likewise to be Sold by said Campbell a House and Lot in Annapolis, near to Severn Ferry, where he lately lived, with a good Cellar, Kitchen, Smoke House, Stable, Hen House, and Garden.

JOHN BENNETT, in ANNAPOLIS, sells all Sorts of manufactured TOBACCO, in small or large Quantities.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN, Post-Master, at his Office in Charles-street; by whom all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12 s. 6 d. per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are taken in and inserted for Five Shillings the first Week, and One Shilling each Week after the First.